

CERES FLASHFlux Status:

Near-Real Time Surface Radiative Fluxes and Meteorology for Research and Applications

Paul Stackhouse, David P. Kratz, and Takmeng Wong, (NASA LaRC) Shashi Gupta, Parnchai Sawaengphokhai and Anne Wilber (SSAI)

Lindsay Parker and the
Atmospheric Science Data Center Team
(SSAI)



FLASHFlux Overview

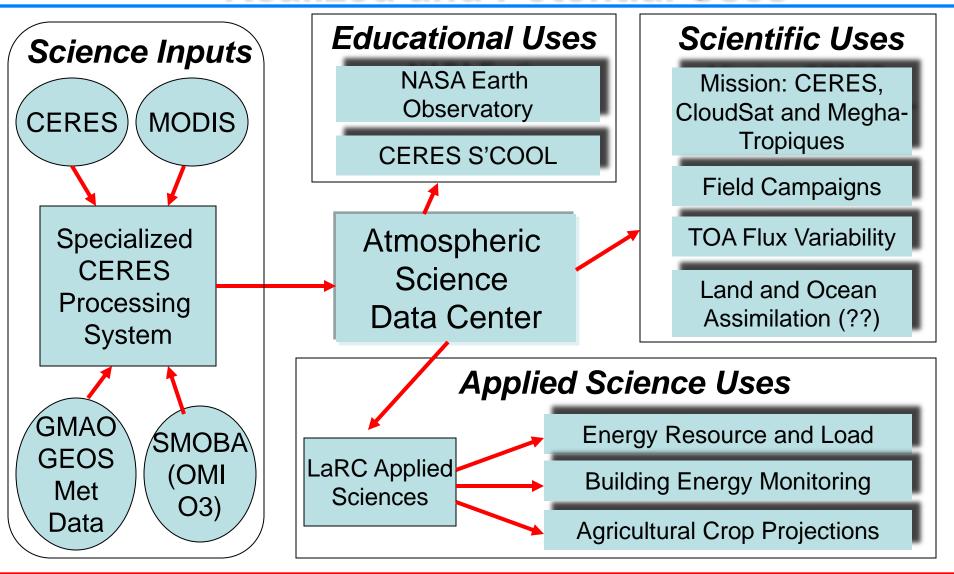
 FLASHFLUX = <u>Fast Longwave And SH</u>ortwave Radiative <u>Flux</u>es from CERES and MODIS

FLASHFlux Objectives

- Compute radiative fluxes from CERES and MODIS observations from both Terra and Aqua within one week of measurement (currently available within 4 days)
- Global gridded and time averaged radiative flux and meteorological data sets using both Terra and Aqua when available (currently available within 6 days)
- Conduct scientific investigations and provide for scientific and applied science uses
- Demonstrate processing system pushing data products to research and applications uses

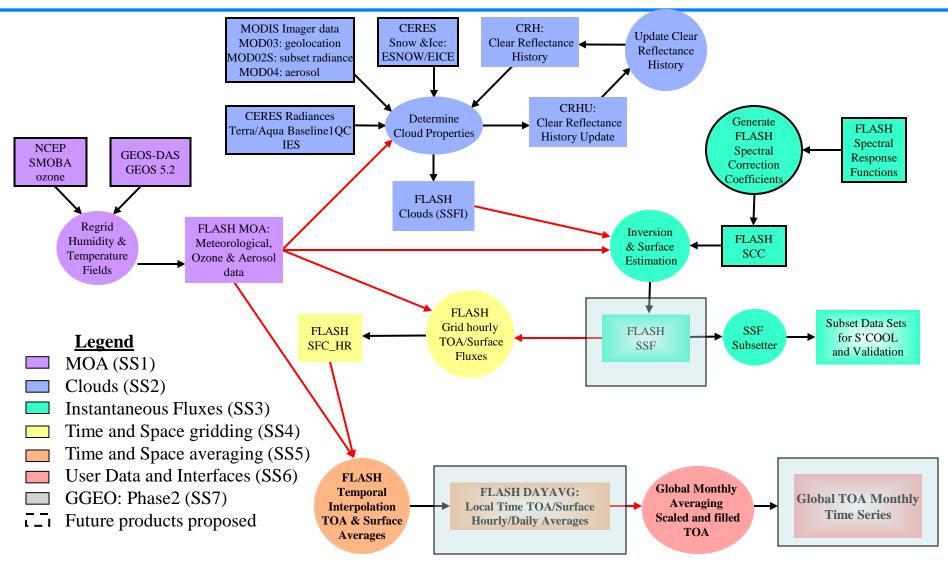


FLASHFLUX: Schematic Mapping to Realized and Potential Uses





FLASHFlux Data Flow (v2G)





FLASHFlux SSF Data Products

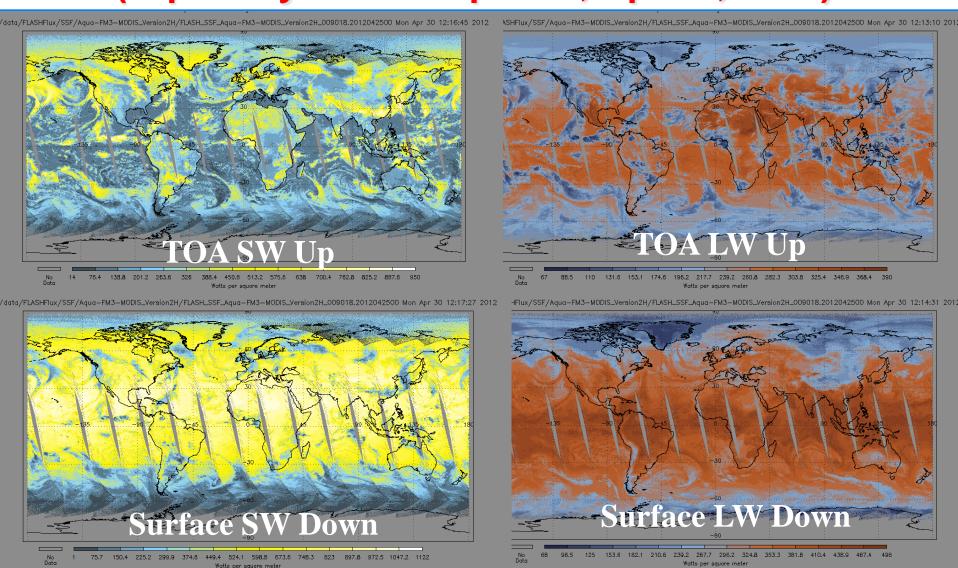
CERES-like Single Scanner Footprint (SSF) (Terra and Aqua overpasses; 30 km nadir; Processed through near 4/25/2012)

Single Scanner Footprint TOA/Surface Fluxes and Clouds (SSF): One hour of instantaneous FLASHFlux data for a single scanner instrument.								
Select Parameters: Cloud Properties, TOA Fluxes, Surface (Radiative) Fluxes, Unfiltered Radiances, Filtered Radiances, OLR, Surface Types.								
Spacecraft	Data Set Name (Select name to order)	Temporal Coverage (Hourly)	Documentation	Sample Software				
Aqua	FLASH SSF Aqua-FM3-MODIS Version2G	Jan 1, 2009 - Dec 31, 2011		Readme R4-555 Read Package R4-555 (C).				
	FLASH SSF Aqua-FM3-MODIS Version2H	Jan 1, 2012 - current	Data Quality Summary FLASH SSF Version2					
Terra	FLASH SSF Terra-FM1-MODIS Version2G	Jan 1, 2009 - Dec 31, 2011	CERES SSF Data Products Catalog R4V1 (PDF)					
	FLASH SSF Terra-FM1-MODIS Version2H	Jan 1, 2012 - Current						

Difference between 2G and 2H is the transition from the old the SGI Warlock to AMI-P (gained 1 day end to end in production)

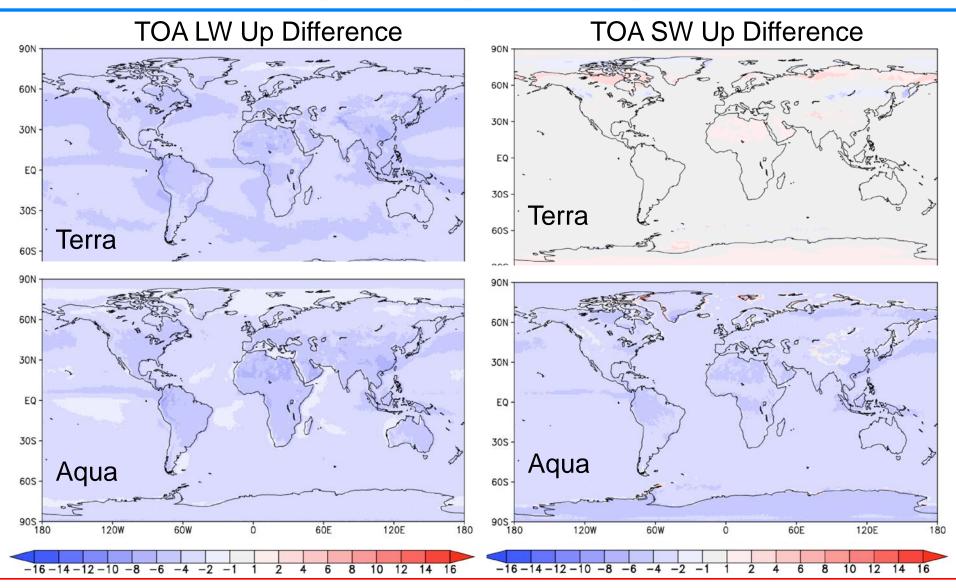


Overpass Footprint Resolution Products (Aqua Daytime Composite, Apr 25, 2012).



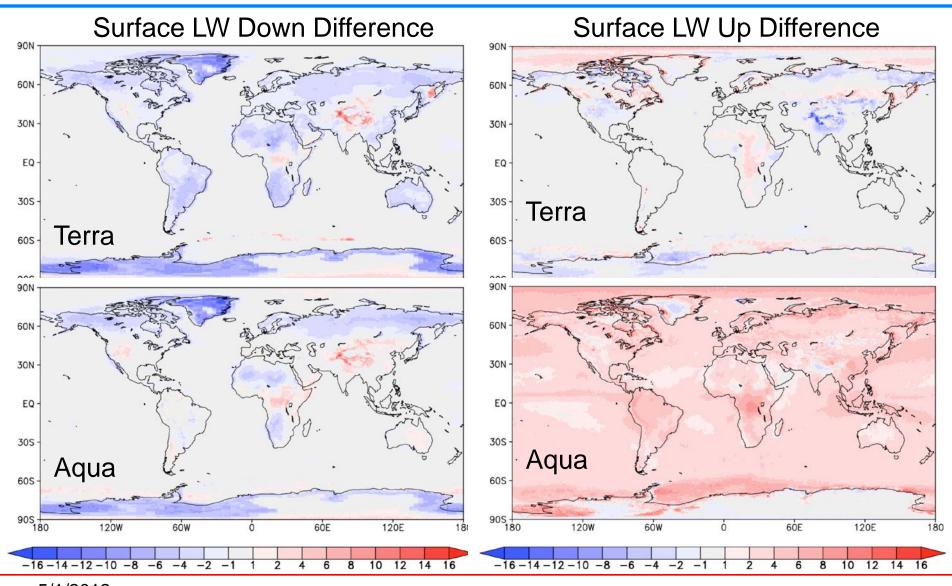


FLASHFlux SSF Validation: TOA FF 2G – CERES Ed 3

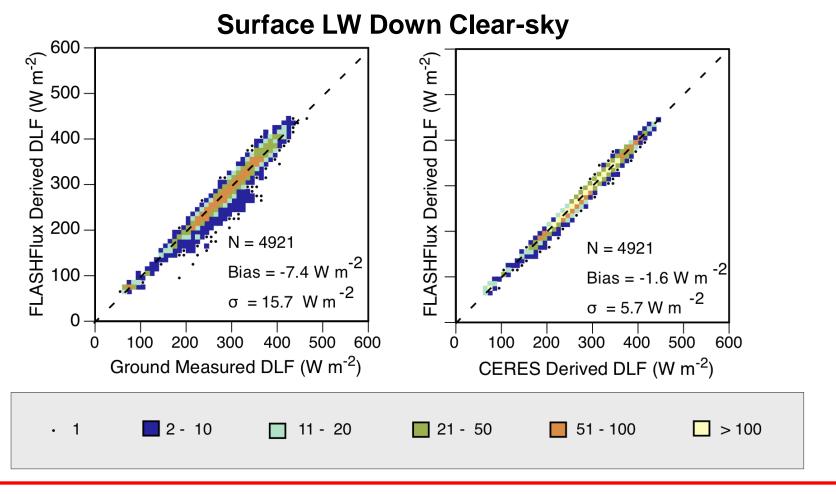




Surface FF 2G – CERES Ed 3

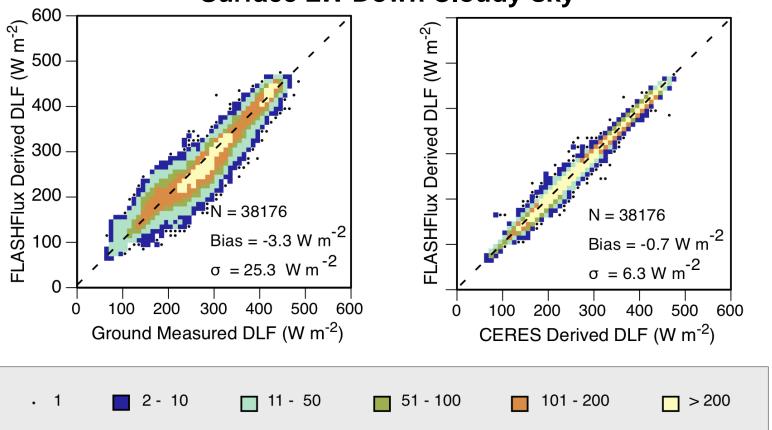






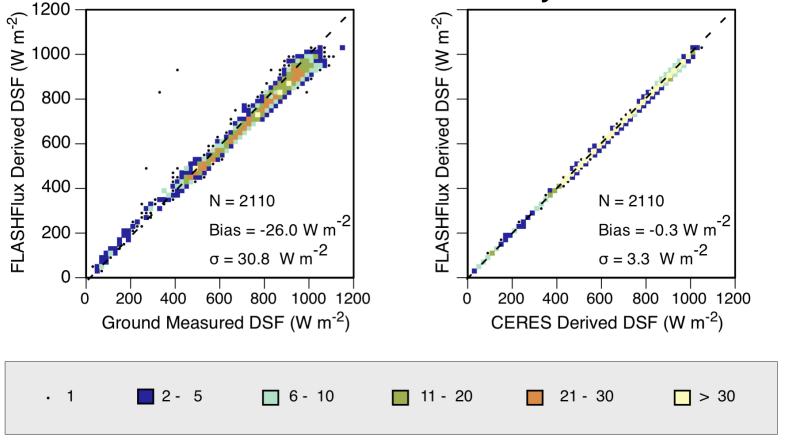






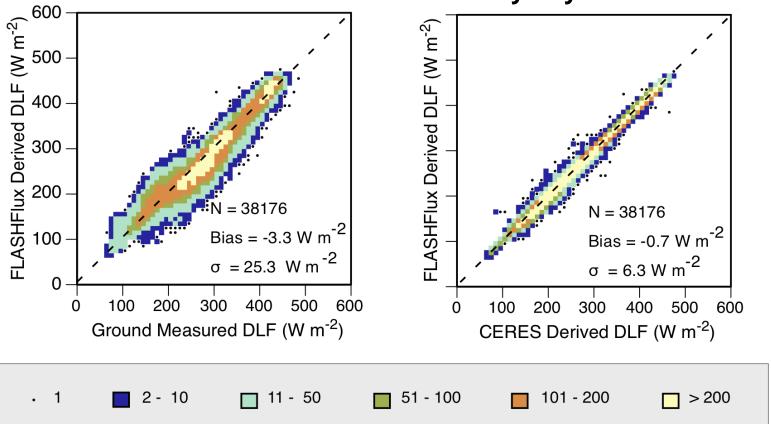














FLASHFlux Data Products

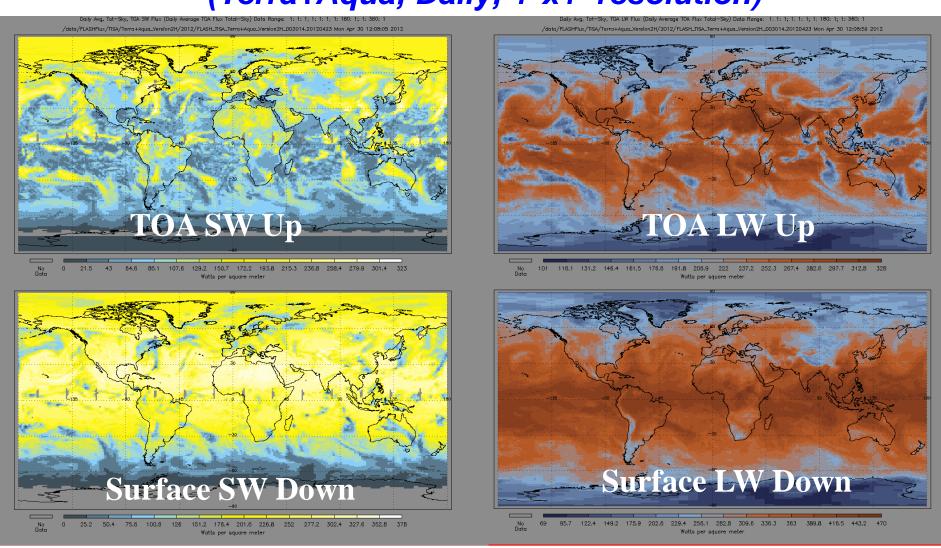
FLASHFlux Gridded and Temporally Averaged Data Products (Terra+Aqua; Hourly/Daily; 1°x1° resolution; Processed through about 4/23/2012)

Daily Gridded Single Satellite TOA and Surfaces/Clouds data in HDF (TISA): One day of averaged FLASHFlux data for available scanner instruments.								
Select Parameters: Cloud Properties, TOA Fluxes, Surface (Radiative) Fluxes, OLR, Surface Types. (Complete Parameter List)								
Spacecraft	Data Set Name (Select name to order)	Temporal Coverage (Daily)	Documentation	Sample Software				
Terra	FLASH TISA Terra+Aqua Version2G	Jan 1, 2009 - Dec 31, 2011	- Data Quality Summary FLASH TISA Version2	Readme R1V1				
Aqua	FLASH TISA Terra+Aqua Version2H	Jan 1, 2012 - current	Date Quality Guillian, J. L. 1911 11971 101810112	Read Package R1V1 (C).				



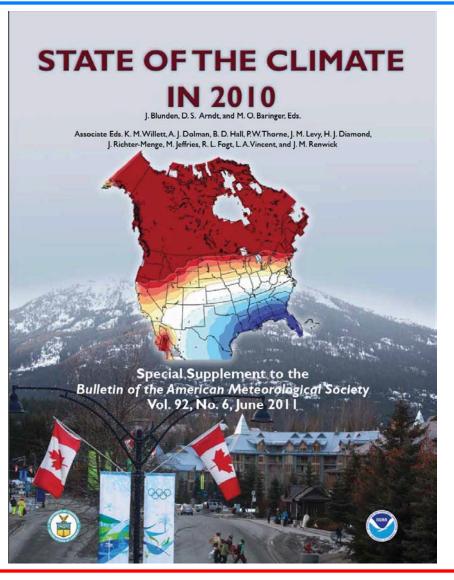
FLASHFlux Gridded and Temporally Averaged Data Products (Apr. 23, 2012)

(Terra+Aqua; Daily; 1°x1° resolution)





Global Averaged TOA Flux Estimates



- CERES FLASHFlux contributed to the special annual BAMS report on the "State of the Climate in 2010".
- Issue appeared in Aug. 2011, providing estimates of changes in year to year Global Earth Radiation Budget for the first time.
- These data have now been extended and used longer overlap with CERES EBAF products.



State of the Climate 2011

CERES FLASHFlux TOA flux variability for 2011 for BAMS "State of the Climate" report:

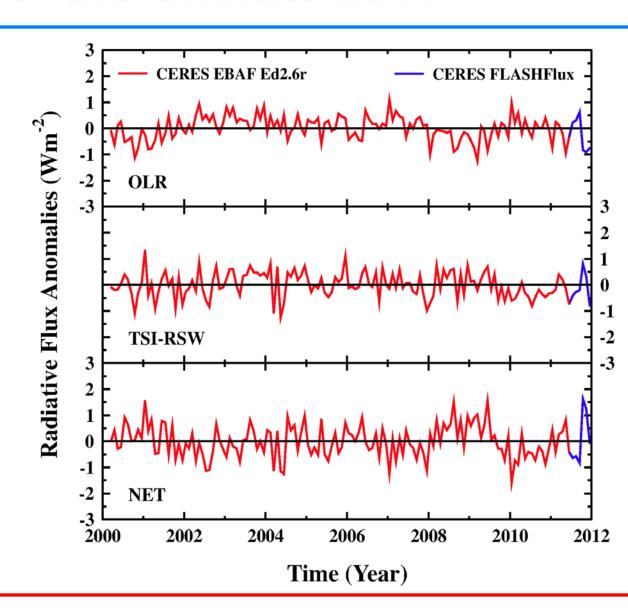
- FF monthly average annual global TOA normalized to EBAF from 3/2007 to 2/2011
- 2 σ monthly uncertainty (W m⁻²) = +/- 0.2/0.1/0.15 for OLR/RSW/Total net
- TSI from SORCE instrument
- Global annual average anomalies:

	One year change (2011 minus 2010)	2011 anomaly (relative to climatology)	Inter-annual variability (2001 to 2011)
OLR	-0.45	-0.30	±0.55
TSI	+0.05	+0.05	±0.20
RSW	-0.20	+0.15	±0.40
Net	+0.70	+0.20	±0.65



State of the Climate 2011

- Time series show relatively large fluctuation
- AIRS OLR shows consistent variability
- Variability is consistent with NAO phase change





Monitoring and Targeting Case: NASA LaRC Badge and Pass Office



Badge and Pass Office Solar Energy Project



Overview

Current Status

Weather Conditions

Installed in September 2010, this 39.5 KW ground-mounted solar energy system and will produce around 50,000 kilowatt-hours of electricity each year. The system consists of 168 photovoltaic modules mounted in two arrays located behind the Badge and Pass Office. This project demonstrates the performance of solar energy and the benefit of renewable energy being in our overall energy strategy.







193 kWh

Total energy generated by the system today

Energy Yesterday



206 kWh

Total energy generated by the system yesterday

Lifetime Energy



38,035 kWh

Total energy generated by the system since installation

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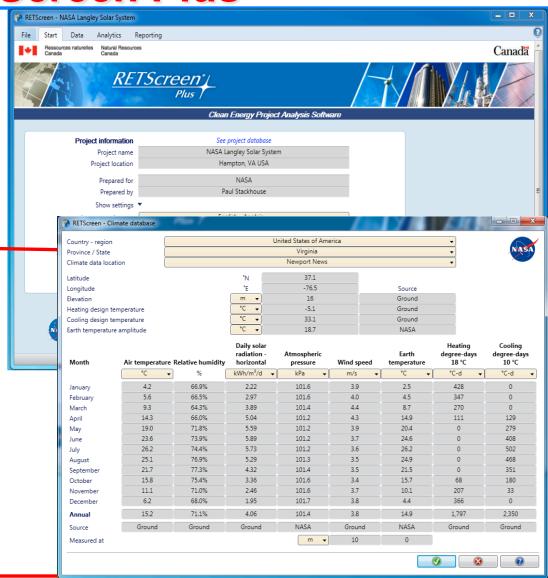


Energy Monitoring with RETScreen Plus

Objective: Enable "users to monitor, analyze and report key energy performance data to facility operators, managers and senior decision-makers."

<u>Usage:</u>

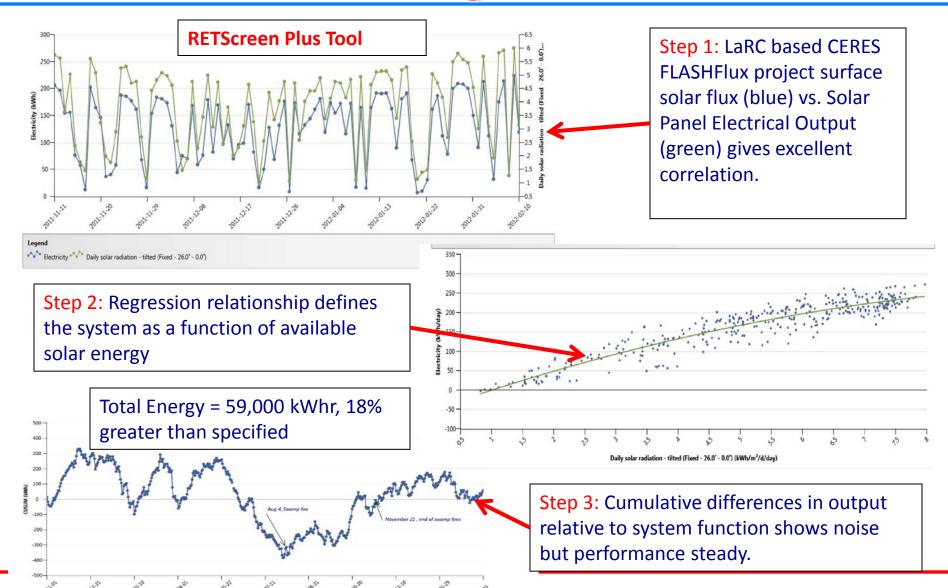
- Determine & obtain building energy and meteorological information for any location in world
- 2. Use multivariate analysis to determine system performance as a function of meteorological variability
- 3. Monitoring building energy performance for system changes, target higher efficiency and reporting verification



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Monitoring and Targeting Case 1: NASA LaRC Badge and Pass Office





Current Upgrades for FF v3a

- Deliver SCC consistent with CERES Ed 3
- Prepare for new operational reanalysis from GMAO:
 - GEOS 5.7.2 now operational; split into two streams
 - FP1: Resolution 0.25° lat x 0.3125° lon, new levels
 - Changed more frequently
 - FP2: Resolution 0.5° lat x 0.625° (or 2/3°) lon
 - Changed by user community consent
 - Will be back processed through 2000 (will include AIRS and soon NPP)
- Deliver new algorithm changes:
 - CERES Ed 4 upgrades to the models
 - SW: Rayleigh scattering revision and MATCH aerosols
 - LW: high surface temperature and inversion corrections
 - Ozone from GEOS
- Data product subsetting => CERES and ASDC



Future Upgrades and Challenges

- Continued refinement of algorithms:
 - SW: Cloudy-sky transmission formula
- Improve near-real time albedos and aerosols
 - MATCH too late; another strategy needed
- Adapt to MODIS Collection 6
- Deliver and test GEO version of CERES TISA to:
 - Estimate all-sky/clear-sky TOA and Surface fluxes
 - Provide monthly averaged maps
- Improve consistency between CERES algorithms and FLASHFlux (TISA/SYN)
- Develop new products and subsets =>
 parameterizations for the applications like solar
 industry



Summary and Conclusions

FLASHFlux Operational and ...

- Producing global TOA/surface cloud products and radiative fluxes within 1 week after Terra/Aqua overpass
 - SSF products for both Terra and Aqua now used by CloudSat, CERES Science Team, Megha-Tropiques and S'COOL
 - TISA products providing 1°x1° global hourly/daily fluxes for Terra+Aqua data shown accurate for scientific analysis (e.g., TOA Global averages), energy (load forecasting & building monitoring) and agricultural use (e.g. crop modeling).
- Has large potential for considerably more usage in both science (i.e., data analysis and assimilation) and applied sciences (energy, agriculture and other applications)

FLASHFlux Is Working Towards ...

- Delivering new improvements in SCC, inputs and algorithms
- Increasing data accessibility with subsetting
- Surface flux anomalies by increasing consistency with CERES algorithms; new data products and parameters.



FLASHFlux Web Sites:

http://flashflux.larc.nasa.gov

http://eosweb.larc.nasa.gov/ PRODOCS/flashflux/ table_flashflux.html



Extras